AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid molecule having a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) SEQ ID NOs 1, 3, 5, 17, 19, 21, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 52, and 54 or and a combination of these sequences;
 - b) SEQ ID NOs 23, 24 and 25;
 - c) a functional fragment or variant of the sequences in a) or b); and
 - d) a complement to the sequences in a), b) or c).
- 2. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule having at least 70% sequence homology to a nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1.
- 3. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule having at least 80% sequence homology to a nucleic said as claimed in claim 1.
- 4. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule having at least 90% sequence homology to a nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1.
- 5. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule having at least 95% sequence homology to a nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1.
- 6. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule having at least 99% sequence homology to a nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1.
- 7. (Currently amended) An isolated polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) SEQ ID NOs 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 53, and 55 or and a combination of these sequences; and
 - b) A functional fragment or variant of the sequences listed in a).
- 8. (Original) An isolated polypeptide molecule having at least 70% sequence homology to a polypeptide as claimed in claim 7.
- 9. (Original) An isolated polypeptide molecule having at least 80% sequence homology to a polypeptide as claimed in claim 7.
- 10. (Original) An isolated polypeptide molecule having at least 90% sequence homology to a polypeptide as claimed in claim 7.
- 11. (Original) An isolated polypeptide molecule having at least 95% sequence homology to a polypeptide as claimed in claim 7.

- 12. (Original) An isolated polypeptide molecule having at least 99% sequence homology to a polypeptide as claimed in claim 7.
- 13. (Original) A primer capable of specifically binding to a nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO. 11 or SEQ ID NO. 12.
- 14. (Original) A primer having a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs 26-51.
- 15. (Currently amended) A primer having a nucleotide sequence which comprises at least substantially 15-20 contiguous nucleotides of a nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting emissiting of: SEQ ID NOs. 1, 3, 5, 17, 19, 21, 7, 9, 11, 15, 15, 52 and 54.
- 16. (Original) A probe capable of specifically binding to a nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1.
- 17. (Currently amended) The use of a probe capable of specifically binding to a nucleic said molecule as claimed in claim 1 to identify A method of identifying at least one gene of the lolitrem gene cluster in an endophyte comprising using a probe capable of specifically binding to a nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1, thereby identifying said at least one gene of the lolitrem gene cluster in an endophyte.
- 18. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule which is able to stringently hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1.
- 19. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 18 wherein the molecule is a primer.
- 20. (Original) An isolated nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 18 wherein the molecule is a probe.
- 21. (Original) A method for identifying mutations in the lolitrem gene cluster of an endophyte exhibiting useful phenotypic traits characterized by the steps of:
 - a) identifying at least one gene in the lolitrem gene cluster of an endophyte;
 - b) sequencing the gene(s) identified at a);
 - c) comparing the sequence at b) to SEQ ID NOs 1, 3, 5, 17, 19, 21, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 52 and 54 or a combination of these sequences to ascertain any differences in nucleotide sequence.

- 22. (Original) An endophyte in which at least one of the genes in the lolitrem gene cluster has been mutated or otherwise disrupted to manipulate the indole diterpene biosynthetic pathway.
- 23. (Original) The use of a nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1 to produce an indole diterpene enzyme, intermediate or other chemical compound associated with the indole diterpene biosynthetic pathway.
 - 24. (Cancelled)
- 25. (Original) A construct which includes a nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1.
- 26. (Original) A host cell which includes a non-endogenous nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1.
- 27. (Original) An endophyte which includes a non-endogenous nucleic acid molecule as claimed on claim 1.
- A method of catalyzing in vitro or in vivo a reaction involved in the biosynthesis of an idole diterpene comprising adding a polypeptide as claimed in claim 7 to the reaction, thereby catalyzing said reaction.
- 29. (Currently amended) A kit for identifying the lolitrem gene cluster which includes a probe or primer capable of specifically binding to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) SEQ ID NOS. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 52 [[&]] <u>and</u> 54; <u>and</u>
 - (b) A functional fragment or variant of the sequence in (a).
- 30. (Currently amended) A kit for identifying the lolitrem gene cluster which specifically includes at least one primer pair selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS. 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, and 51.
- 31. (Original) A method of manipulating the indole diterpene biosynthetic pathway characterized by the step of altering a nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1 to produce a gene encoding a non-functional polypeptide.

- 32. (Currently amended) The use of a gene produced by the method of claim 31 to manipulate A method of manipulating the indole diterpene biosynthetic pathway comprising using a gene produced by the method of claim 31, thereby manipulating said biosynthetic pathway.
- 33. (Original) An expression system which includes a non-endogenous nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1.
- 34. (Currently amended) The use of an expression system as claimed in claim 33 to produce A method of producing an indole diterpene, enzyme, intermediate or other chemical compound associated with the indole diterpene biosynthetic pathway comprising using an expression system as claimed in claim 33, thereby producing said indole diterpene, enzyme, intermediate or other chemical compound.
- 35. (Currently amended) The use of a primer as claimed in any one of claims 13-15 to— A method of specifically amplify—amplify—amplifying a nucleic acid molecule comprising using a primer as claimed in any one of claims 13-15, thereby specifically amplifying said nucleic acid molecule.
- 36. (Original) A plant including a cell which includes a non-endogenous nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1.
 - 37. (Cancelled)
 - 38. (Cancelled)
 - 39. (Cancelled)
 - 40. (Cancelled)